Addressing Inclusivity in Open Science

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DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.4787551

There are many definitions of "open science"

Open science is transparent and accessible knowledge that is shared and developed through collaborative networks. Diversity and inclusion as core values of open science (Whitaker, 2019) https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3 243217



The umbrella of open scholarship

The goals of open science are, broadly, to democratize access and to promote good research practices.

Open science "spaces" can include...

- Open-source software projects
- Collaborative research projects
- Conferences
- Hackathons
- Informal discussions (i.e., on social media platforms)













The Plan

What we'll be talking about today

- I. Inclusivity, accessibility, diversity, equity, and justice
- I. Bropen science & other social barriers
- III. Science vs. geography
- V. Geopolitical threats to openness

Let's start with semantics...

Diversity refers to the presence of variation in people, perspectives, etc., which often focuses on increasing representation of underrepresented groups, ideas, etc.

Diversity can be furthered by **inclusion**, which centers around making people of different identities and backgrounds feel welcomed and valued in a space.

Inclusivity depends heavily on **accessibility**, as it is hard to feel welcomed and valued when there are *barriers to you accessing spaces, ideas, technology, information,* etc.

Equity acknowledges that we don't all have the same *access to opportunities* and attempts to address this gap.

Justice seeks to further equity by dismantling systemic disadvantages and barriers that prevent equal opportunity for all people.







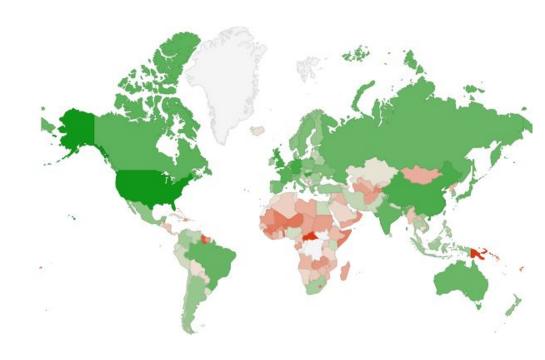




Inclusivity & accessibility go hand-in-hand

Open science spaces (initiatives, meetings, projects) are often inaccessible due to:

- Language
- Jargon
- Eligibility (e.g., formal institutional affiliation)
- Fees
- Hidden costs (e.g., technology, internet access, travel)
- Scheduling
- Cultural inaccessibility



Towards Global Inclusivity in Open Science (Gould van Praag et al., 2020) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RRwuOs0BA41

(Levitis, Gould van Praag, et al. 2021; Gau et al., 2021; medium.com/@hoffa/github-top-countries-201608-13f642493773)

Bropen Science

How do you find your place in academia/research? Asked to several under represented groups

"With most people I've found that no matter how much you pass, just mentioning that you're transgender, even if they're progressive they usually treat you different."

Anonymous

"Where do I start (referring to being underrepresented in academia)?Ever since undergrad I felt like an outsider, despite continuous effort to be part of the institutions. Problem was that bw needling grants & being the first to discover whatever, there were many mishaps, the higher ups starting an idea, and the rest repeating same"

"It is hard to feel connected when there is no people like you in the room."

Anonymous shared opinion

Open, Safe & Brave Spaces

Open, Safe & Brave Spaces

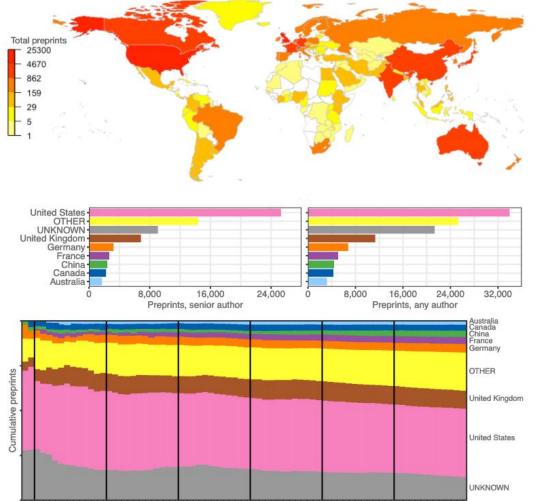
Safe spaces allow marginalized groups to discuss their experiences openly without being targeted.

Brave spaces are facilitating discussion

In Virtual Settings

- Accessible, welcoming to newcomers,

Science vs. Geography



"Within the four top medical journals, studies from different areas of the world are not equally cited. This may indicate that studies from some countries face greater difficulties in being published. Therefore, papers from these countries must be of higher quality to be published."

Conclusion of

https://jech.bmj.com/content/65/2/119

Figure taken from: https://elifesciences.org/articles/58496

20 years of African Neuroscience doi:https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.06. 03.131391

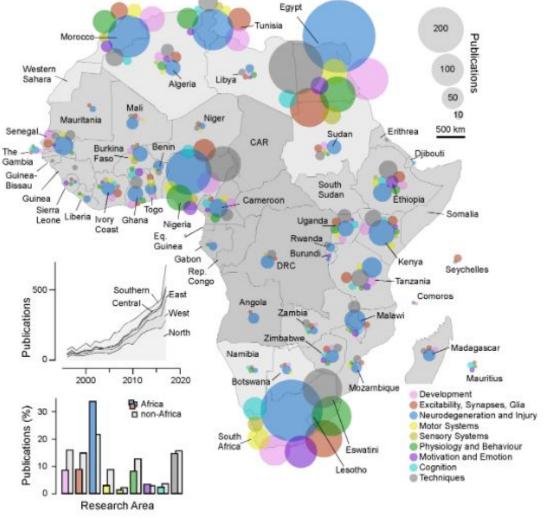
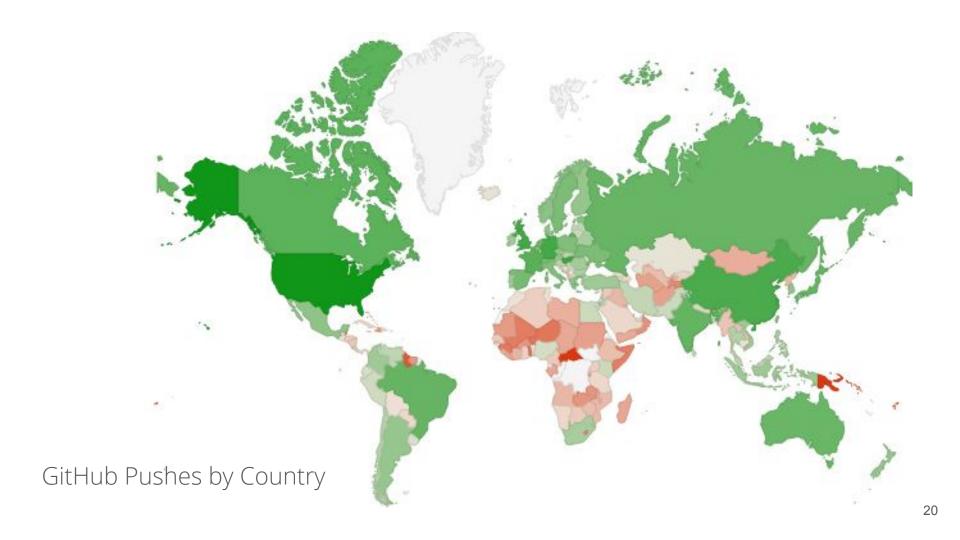
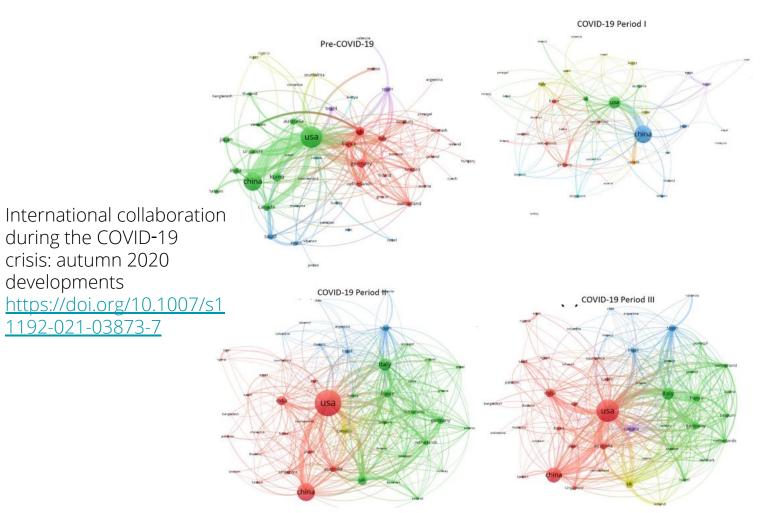


Image source: https://www.biorxiv.org/content/10.1101/2020.06.03.131391v1





crisis: autumn 2020

1192-021-03873-7

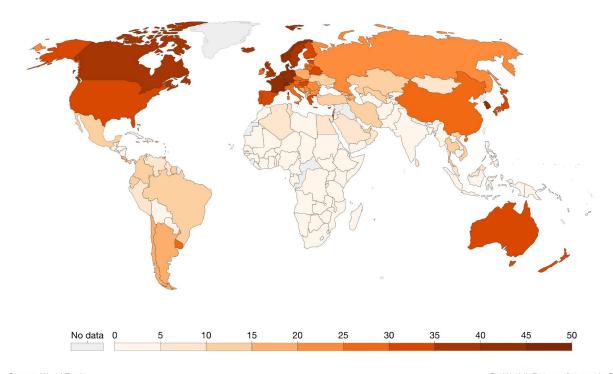
developments

Source: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11192-021-03873-7

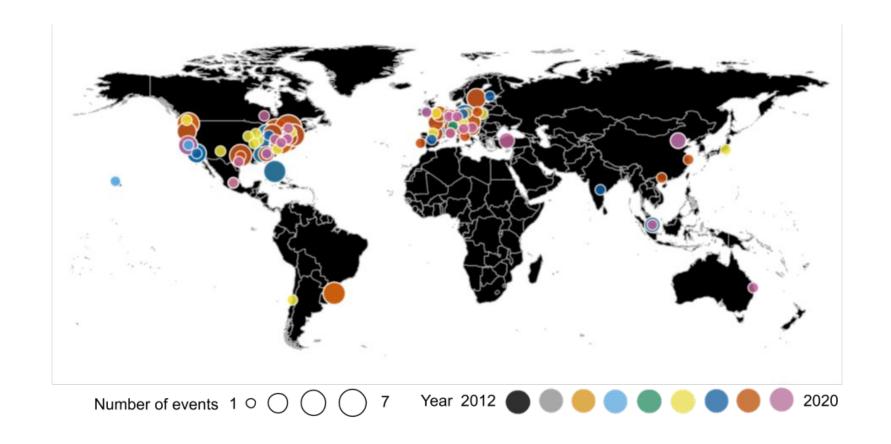
Broadband subscriptions per 100 people, 2017



Broadband subscriptions refer to fixed subscriptions to high-speed access to the public Internet (a TCP/IP connection), at downstream speeds equal to, or greater than, 256 kbit/s.



Source: World Bank Note: For more details on the definition see the sources tab. OurWorldInData.org/internet/ • CC BY



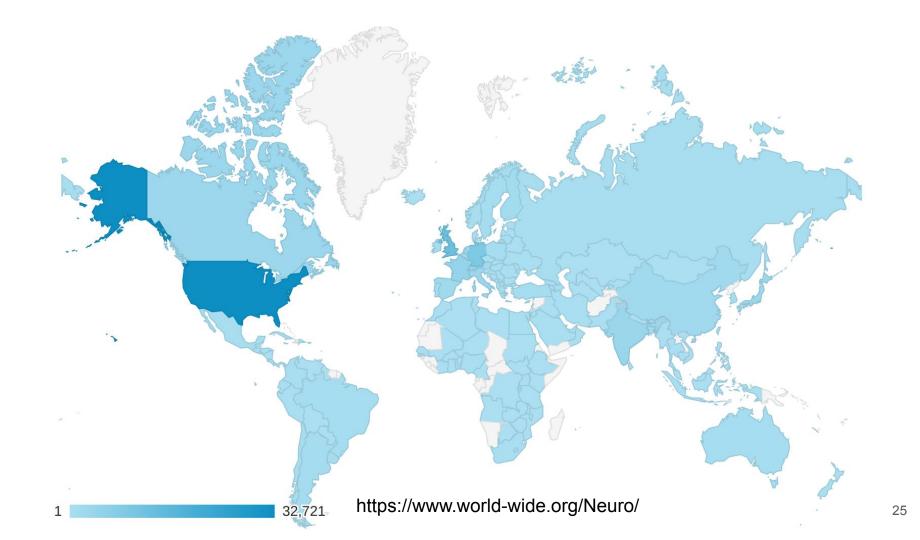
Geographic distribution of Brainhack events 2012 to today



Locations of the 2020 OHBM Brainhack attendees

Image source:

https://incf.org/blog/ohbm-hackathon-2020-report-sponsors



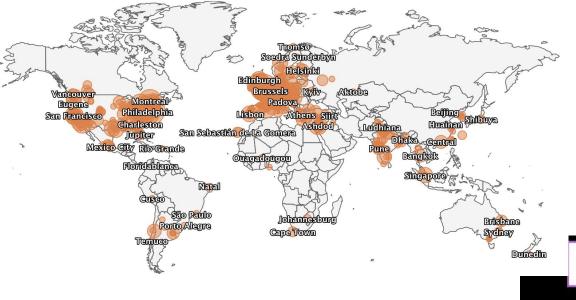


Image source:

https://medium.com/@kording/how-to-run-big-neuro-science-conferences-online-neuromatch-io-49c694c7e65d

NMA2020





FROM 35 COUNTRIES

Image source: https://twitter.com/neuromatch/status/1390044856441925632/photo/1

Science vs. Geography: Databases to Reach out Scholars

- <u>Black in Neuro</u> (#BlackInNeuro @BlackinNeuro on twitter)
- <u>The Spark Society's Database of Cognitive Scientists of Color</u> (Continually updated Google Doc)
- <u>Black Psychology and Neuroscience Pls</u> (Continually updated Google Doc)
- <u>SACNAS Biography Project</u> (Collection of first-person stories by and about Chicano/Hispanic and Native American scientists)
- <u>National Hispanic Science Network</u> (Member directory)
- <u>Diversity STEM Conferences Speakers List</u> (neuroscience keyword search)
- <u>Ciencia Puerto Rico</u> (Member directory, advanced search for neuroscience faculty)
- <u>Society for Black Brain and Behavioral Scientists</u> (Membership required to view directory)
- <u>I Am a Scientist</u> (Collection of researcher profiles, not specific to neuroscience. Downloadable classroom materials.)
- <u>Scientist Spotlights Initiative</u> ("Integrating themes of diversity and inclusion while teaching course content")
- <u>Alba Network</u> (Neuroscience researchers network)
- Women in Neuroscience Repo (Repo of Women in Neuroscience)



Geopolitical Barriers to "Open" Science

Geopolitical barriers to openness

Government censorship and copyright laws restrict access to online resources

- Great Firewall of China blocks
 - YouTube
 - Vimeo
 - Google products
 - Twitter
 - & more
- US embargoes on technology in Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Crimea, etc.
- Zoom is inaccessible in Cuba, Iran, Syria, Ukraine (Crimea), and North Korea
- Google blocks logins from Crimea, Cuba, Iran, Myanmar, North Korea, and Syria

Where do we go from here?

Practical suggestions

For further reading, check out this guide from Queer in AI: https://sites.google.com/view/queer-in-ai/diversity-guide?authuser=0

- Use inclusive language.
- Basic steps of accessibility starts with a friendly website, flyers or relevant online materials.
- Enforce using closed captioning for video calls and video materials.
- Promote & normalize asking pronouns. Provide spaces for (neo)pronoun usage.
- In online spaces, to ensure safety; having a clear code of conduct and working reporting mechanisms is necessary.
- Select online platforms according to the service providers per country/region.







Unlocking access



Schedule purposefully

3 time zone hubs and flexible personal schedule



Build an accessible space

Geographical restrictions and accessibility



Use appropriate fee system

Support hidden costs



Adapt content locally

Translations, language groups



Enabling participation



Create welcoming space

Conference navigation, communication and support



Enforce a safer space for all

Best practices and privacy, avoiding malicious participation



Opportunities to be visible

Posters, audience engagement and participant interactions

Embracing open leadership



Seek community input and onboard volunteers



Engage with traditionally underrepresented groups



Build the next leadership pathways



Resources

Towards Global Inclusivity in Open Science: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RRwuOs0BA41

Levitis, E., Gould van Praag, C. D., Gau, R., Heunis, S., DuPre, E., Kiar, G., ... Maumet, C. (2021, March 23). Centering inclusivity in the design of online conferences. https://doi.org/10.31234/osf.io/vi5tu

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Guide for inclusive virtual conferences from Queer in Al: https://sites.google.com/view/queer-in-ai/diversity-guide? authuser=0

Maina, M. B., Ahmad, U., Harun, I. A., Kwairanga, H. S., Nasr, F. E., Salihu, A. T., ... & Baden, T. (2020). 20 years of African Neuroscience: Waking a sleeping giant. BioRxiv. https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.06.03.131391

Thanks!

Slides available online:

DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.4787551 doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4787551